

Section 1.—Total Delinquents

The terms 'indictable' and 'non-indictable' are applied only to offences of adults. Similar offences committed by juveniles are termed 'major' and 'minor' offences, respectively.

The number of cases of juvenile delinquency brought before the courts has declined steadily each year since 1942, when the peak was reached. The decrease in 1948 as compared with 1947 amounted to 5 p.c. and was shared by all provinces with one exception; the increase in Nova Scotia was very small.

In 1948 there were 5,049 children brought before the courts for major offences as compared with 5,152 in 1947, and 2,829 charged with minor offences as against 3,113 in 1947.

1.—Juveniles brought before the Courts, by Provinces, Years Ended Sept. 30, 1944-48

Province or Territory	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	Percentage Change, 1947-48
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec. Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Northwest Territories.	109 689 475 2,621 5,388 445 437 599 791	118 598 341 2,390 4,190 366 339 563 851	63 491 385 2,183 3,684 203 455 899	30 513 342 1,908 3,262 490 222 300 1,181 4 13	28 518 277 1,889 3,256 422 193 269 1,015 3	$\begin{array}{c} -6 \cdot 7 \\ +1 \cdot 0 \\ -19 \cdot 0 \\ -1 \cdot 0 \\ -0 \cdot 2 \\ -13 \cdot 9 \\ -13 \cdot 1 \\ -10 \cdot 3 \\ -14 \cdot 1 \\ -25 \cdot 0 \\ -38 \cdot 5 \end{array}$
Canada	11,554	9,756	8,707	8,265	7,878	-4.7